

Unlock English with Thematic Words

1

Animals

P. 1

2

Clothing

P. 6

3

Food and Drink

P. 7

4

Home and School Objects

P. 12

5

Nature and Space

P. 15

6

Things We Do

P. 18

ANIMALS



1. animal

動物 (n.)

[Definition] a living organism that feeds on organic matter

[Example] Some **animals** hunt at night.

2. ant

螞蟻 (n.)

[Definition] a small insect that lives in colonies

[Example] They studied the behavior of **ants**.

3. bat

蝙蝠 (n.)

[Definition] a small animal like a mouse with wings that flies at night

[Example] A **bat** is a small animal that flies at night.

4. bear

熊 (n.)

[Definition] a large mammal with thick fur coat

[Example] The **bear** is sleeping in a cave.

5. bee

蜜蜂 (n.)

[Definition] an insect known for making honey and pollinating flowers

[Example] A swarm of **bees** flew into the garden.

6. bird

鳥 (n.)

[Definition] a creature with feathers, wings, and a beak

[Example] We watched a flock of **birds** fly over the field.

7. butterfly

蝴蝶 (n.)

[Definition] a type of insect with large, often brightly colored wings

[Example] These flowers are brightly colored in order to attract **butterflies**.

8. caterpillar

毛蟲 (n.)

[Definition] the larval stage of a butterfly or moth

[Example] The **caterpillar** crawls slowly on the ground.



9. chicken

雞 (n.)

[Definition] a domesticated bird raised for eggs or meat

[Example] A male **chicken** is called a cock and a female **chicken** is called a hen.

10. clownfish

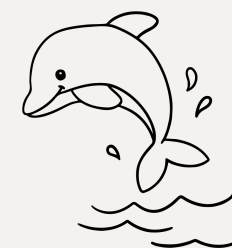
小丑魚 (n.)

[Definition] a small, colorful marine fish that usually lives in warm or tropical seas

[Example] The **clownfish** swims with its family in the coral reef.



ANIMALS



11. cow

牛 (n.)

[Definition] a large, domesticated mammal raised for milk or meat

[Example] Most of these ranchers own only own a bull and about twenty **cows**.

12. crab

蟹 (n.)

[Definition] a marine animal with a hard shell and pincers

[Example] We walked along the beach collecting small **crabs**.

13. crocodile

鱷魚 (n.)

[Definition] a large aquatic reptile with a long snout

[Example] A **crocodile** is a big reptile.

14. dog

狗 (n.)

[Definition] a domesticated carnivorous mammal

[Example] We could hear **dogs** barking in the distance.

15. dolphin

海豚 (n.)

[Definition] a sea mammal that is large, smooth, and grey, with along, pointed mouth

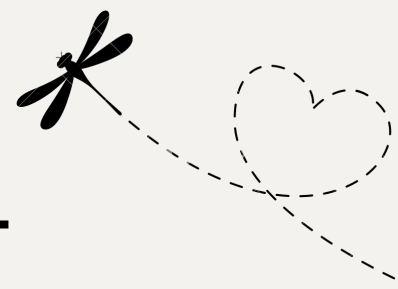
[Example] A **dolphin** is a highly intelligent marine mammal.

16. dragonfly

蜻蜓 (n.)

[Definition] an insect with long wings and a slender body

[Example] People often see **dragonflies** in summer.



17. duck

鴨(n.)

[Definition] a bird that lives by water and has webbed feet, a short neck, and a large beak

[Example] The **ducks** started quacking loudly when we threw them some bread.

18. elephant

大象 (n.)

[Definition] a very large grey mammal that has a long nose with which it can pick things up

[Example] An **elephant** uses its trunk to eat and drink.

19. firefly

螢火蟲 (n.)

[Definition] an insect that is active during the night and whose tail produces light

[Example] Many children like to watch **fireflies** glow.

20. frog

青蛙 (n.)

[Definition] an amphibian with smooth skin and long legs

[Example] **Frogs** make a low noise called a croak.



ANIMALS

21. giraffe

長頸鹿 (n.)

[Definition] a tall, spotted animal with a long neck

[Example] The **giraffe** eats tender leaf from the tree highly.

22. grasshopper

蚱蜢 (n.)

[Definition] a green insect that can jump long distances

[Example] There are usually a lot of **grasshoppers** in the rice fields.

23. horse

馬 (n.)

[Definition] a domesticated mammal used for riding or work

[Example] He spends all his money on the **horses**.

24. insect

昆蟲 (n.)

[Definition] a small arthropod animal with three body parts and six legs

[Example] Ants, beetles, butterflies, and flies are all **insects**.

25. kangaroo

袋鼠 (n.)

[Definition] a large Australian mammal with a long stiff tail, short front legs and long powerful back legs on which it moves by jumping

[Example] The **kangaroo** uses its back legs to jump.


26. koala

無尾熊/樹袋熊 (n.)

[Definition] an Australian mammal with greyish fur that lives in trees

[Example] **Koalas** live in eucalyptus trees and eat their leaves.

27. ladybug

瓢蟲 (n.) 

[Definition] a small, red beetle that is round and has black spots

[Example] The **ladybugs** help plants by eating harmful insects.

28. lion

獅子 (n.)

[Definition] a large wild animal of the cat family with yellowish-brown fur that lives in Africa and southern Asia

[Example] The **lion** slowly reared its head and looked around.

29. lizard

蜥蜴 (n.)

[Definition] a small reptile with scaly skin and four legs

[Example] **Lizards** have four legs and a long tail.

30. lobster

龍蝦 (n.)

[Definition] an animal that lives in the sea and has along body covered with a hard shell, two large claws, and eight legs, or its flesh when used as food

[Example] **Lobsters** turn scarlet when they are boiled.

ANIMALS

31. monkey

猴子 (n.)

[Definition] a primate animal, often with a long tail

[Example] What's the difference between an ape and a **monkey**?

32. moth

蛾 (n.)

[Definition] an insect like a butterfly but typically nocturnal

[Example] Some types of **moth** eat holes in clothes.

33. octopus

章魚 (n.)

[Definition] a marine animal with eight arms

[Example] I saw an **octopus** at the aquarium.

34. penguin

企鵝 (n.)

[Definition] a flightless bird that lives in cold regions

[Example] **Penguins** walk in a funny way.

35. pig

豬 (n.)

[Definition] a domesticated mammal raised for its meat

[Example] The **pig** is eating in the mud.

36. platypus

鴨嘴獸 (n.)

[Definition] a mammal that lays eggs and has a duck-like bill

[Example] The **platypus** can swim in rivers and lakes.

37. rabbit

兔子 (n.)

[Definition] a small mammal with long ears and a short tail

[Example] I have a pet **rabbit** at home.

38. shark

鯊魚 (n.)

[Definition] a large, carnivorous fish

[Example] The **shark** is swimming near the boat.

39. sheep

羊 (n.)

[Definition] a domesticated mammal raised for wool or meat

[Example] The **sheep** followed the farmer.

40. snake

蛇 (n.)

[Definition] a long, legless reptile

[Example] A **snake** can move very fast on the ground.

ANIMALS



41. spider

蜘蛛 (n.)

[Definition] a small creature with eight thin legs that catches insects in a web

[Example] My brother screamed when he saw a **spider**.

42. squirrel

松鼠 (n.)

[Definition] a small mammal with a bushy tail, often found in trees

[Example] The **squirrel** keeps food for the winter.

43. starfish

海星 (n.)

[Definition] a marine animal with a star-shaped body

[Example] My friends found a **starfish** during our trip.

44. tiger

老虎 (n.)

[Definition] a large wild animal of the cat family with yellowish-orange fur with black lines that lives in parts of Asia

[Example] The **tiger** was resting under a tree.

45. turtle

烏龜 (n.)

[Definition] a slow-moving reptile with a hard shell

[Example] The **turtle** hides its head in the shell.

46. whale

鯨魚 (n.)

[Definition] a very large sea mammal that breathes air through a hole at the top of its head

[Example] The communicative ability of the **whale** is thought to be highly developed.

47. wolf

狼 (n.)

[Definition] a wild animal of the dog family

[Example] **Wolves** hunt in groups known as packs.

48. zebra

斑馬(n.)

[Definition] a black-and-white striped horse-like animal

[Example] The **zebra** is eating grass on the field.

CLOTHING



49. coat

外套 (n.)

[Definition] a warm outer garment worn over clothes

[Example] She was wearing a heavy winter **coat**.

50. gloves

手套 (n.)

[Definition] a piece of clothing that is worn on the hand and wrist for warmth or protection

[Example] Those **gloves** look nice and warm.

51. hat

帽子 (n.)

[Definition] a covering worn on the head

[Example] Hang your coat and **hat** on the rack over there.

52. jacket

夾克 (n.)

[Definition] a piece of clothing worn on the upper body

[Example] He draped his **jacket** over the back of the chair.

53. pants

褲子 (n.)

[Definition] clothing worn on the lower body, covering from the waist to the ankles

[Example] Which drawer do **pants** go in?

54. shirt

襯衫 (n.)

[Definition] a piece of clothing worn on the upper body

[Example] You've spilled something down your **shirt** front.

55. shoes

鞋子 (n.)

[Definition] footwear worn to protect the feet

[Example] I got some **shoes** cheap in the sale.

56. shorts

短褲 (n.)

[Definition] pants that reach above the knees

[Example] She put on a pair of **shorts** and a T-shirt.

57. skirt

裙子 (n.)

[Definition] a piece of clothing that hangs from the waist and covers some or all of the legs

[Example] She wore a denim **skirt** and a white shirt.

58. socks

襪子 (n.)

[Definition] a piece of clothing made from soft material that covers your foot

[Example] The little boy was wearing odd **socks**.

59. sweater

毛衣 (n.)

[Definition] a piece of clothing, typically with long sleeves and made from wool, that is worn on the upper part of the body

[Example] Put a **sweater** on if you're cold.



60. apple

蘋果 (n.)

- [Definition] a round fruit with firm, white flesh and a green, red, or yellow skin
- [Example] He took a bite out of the **apple**.

61. bread

麵包 (n.)

- [Definition] a food made from flour, water, and usually yeast, mixed together and baked
- [Example] Shall I cut you a slice of **bread**?

62. broccoli

花椰菜 (n.)

- [Definition] a vegetable with green, tree-like clusters
- [Example] I ate noodles and **broccoli** for lunch.

63. cake

蛋糕 (n.)

- [Definition] a sweet food made with a mixture of flour, eggs, fat, and sugar
- [Example] He cut the **cake** into six pieces and gave each child a slice.

64. candy

糖果 (n.)

- [Definition] a sweet, sugary treat
- [Example] They left the wrappers from their **candy** all over my car.

65. carrot

胡蘿蔔 (n.)

- [Definition] a long pointed orange root eaten as a vegetable
- [Example] The first solid food she gave her baby was mashed **carrot**.

66. cereal

穀物 (n.)

- [Definition] a plant that is grown to produce grain
- [Example] Drought has stunted the growth of this year's **cereal** crop.

67. cheese

起司 (n.)

- [Definition] a food made from milk that can be either firm or soft and is usually yellow or white in color
- [Example] I prefer hard **cheeses**, like cheddar.

68. chocolate

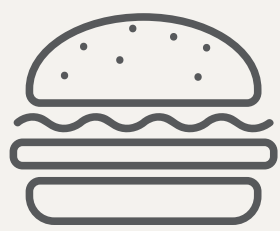
巧克力 (n.)

- [Definition] a sweet food made from cacao seeds
- [Example] He was chomping away on a bar of **chocolate**.

69. coffee

咖啡 (n.)

- [Definition] a dark brown powder with a strong flavour and smell that is made by crushing dark beans
- [Example] He made us some **coffee**.



FOOD AND DRINK

70. cookie

餅乾 (n.)

[Definition] a small, flat, sweet food made from flour and sugar

[Example] This recipe makes three dozen **cookies**.

71. cucumber

黃瓜 (n.)

[Definition] a long green vegetable often eaten uncooked in salads

[Example] I had a tuna and **cucumber** sandwich.

72. egg

蛋 (n.)

[Definition] the oval object with a hard shell that is produced by female birds eaten as food

[Example] I like **eggs** lightly cooked so that the yolk is still runny.

73. eggplant

茄子 (n.)

[Definition] an oval, purple vegetable that is white inside and is usually eaten cooked

[Example] The braised **eggplant** is delicious today.

74. fish

魚 (n.)

[Definition] a water-dwelling animal with fins and scales

[Example] Several large **fish** live in the pond.

75. fruit

水果 (n.)

[Definition] the soft part containing seeds that is produced by a plant

[Example] He runs a **fruit** and vegetable stall in the market.

76. hamburger

漢堡 (n.)

[Definition] a sandwich made with a beef patty

[Example] We had lunch at a **hamburger** joint and then went to see a movie.

77. hot dog

熱狗 (n.)

[Definition] a cooked sausage eaten in a long soft piece of bread, often with ketchup or mustard

[Example] Do you want mustard on your **hot dog**?

78. juice

果汁 (n.)

[Definition] a liquid extracted from fruits or vegetables

[Example] Cut the lemon in half and squeeze the **juice** into the bowl.

79. lettuce

生菜 (n.)

[Definition] a plant with large, green leaves, eaten uncooked in salads

[Example] Shred the heart of a **lettuce** and put it in a large bowl.

FOOD AND DRINK

80. meat

肉 (n.)

[Definition] the flesh of an animal when it is used for food

[Example] I haven't had time to cook, so we're just having cold **meat** and salad.

81. milk

牛奶 (n.)

[Definition] a liquid produced by cows, goats, and sheep, used as drink or food

[Example] Don't forget to put the **milk** back in the fridge.

82. mushroom

蘑菇 (n.)

[Definition] a fungus with a round top and short stem

[Example] Some poisonous **mushrooms** look like edible mushrooms.

83. noodle

麵條 (n.)

[Definition] a type of pasta, often thin and long

[Example] The **noodle** is in the shape of a waistbelt.

84. oil

油 (n.)

[Definition] a greasy liquid used in cooking

[Example] He buys cooking **oil** at the supermarket.

85. onion

洋蔥 (n.)

[Definition] a bulb vegetable known for its strong flavor

[Example] I always cry when I'm chopping **onions**.

86. pasta

麵食 (n.)

[Definition] a type of food made from wheat flour, often in the form of noodles

[Example] We had slices of cold meat and **pasta** salad.

87. pepper

胡椒 (n.)

[Definition] a spice made from dried berries used to season food

[Example] Shall I grind a little black **pepper** over your pizza?

88. pie

餡餅, 派 (n.)

[Definition] a type of food made with meat, vegetables, or fruit covered in pastry and baked

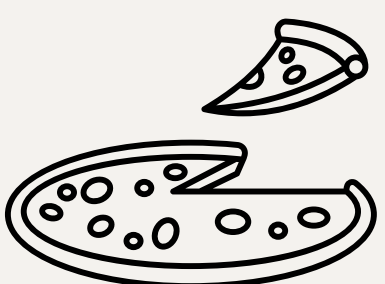
[Example] Would you like some more steak **pie**?

89. pizza

披薩 (n.)

[Definition] a large circle of flat bread baked with cheese, tomatoes, and sometimes meat and vegetables spread on top

[Example] I like lots of different **pizza** toppings.



FOOD AND DRINK

90. potato

馬鈴薯 (n.)

[Definition] a round root vegetable with white flesh and light brown, red, or pink skin

[Example] I had a baked **potato** for lunch, which was very filling.

91. radish

蘿蔔 (n.)

[Definition] a small, round, red or white root vegetable that grows underground and is usually eaten uncooked in salads

[Example] Let's pull up the **radish**!

92. rice

米飯 (n.)

[Definition] the small seeds of a particular type of grass, cooked, and eaten as food

[Example] Drain off any liquid that is left in the **rice**.

93. salad

沙拉 (n.)

[Definition] a mixture of uncooked vegetables, usually including lettuce, eaten either as a separate dish or with other food

[Example] She had a tuna **salad** for lunch.

94. salt

鹽 (n.)

[Definition] a white substance from sea water or the ground, used to flavor or preserve food

[Example] People generally eat far too much **salt** in their diet.

95. sandwich

三明治 (n.)

[Definition] two pieces of bread with food such as cheese, salad, or meat between them

[Example] What would you like in your **sandwich**?

96. soda

汽水 (n.)

[Definition] any type of sweet fizzy drink that is not alcoholic

[Example] They drink **soda** and eat cookies.

97. soup

湯(n.)

[Definition] a liquid food made by boiling ingredients like meat or vegetables

[Example] Hot **soup** is very comforting on a cold winter's day.

98. spaghetti

義大利麵 (n.)

[Definition] pasta made in the form of long, thin strings

[Example] I like to eat **spaghetti** with tomato sauce.

99. spinach

菠菜 (n.)

[Definition] a vegetable with wide, dark green leaves that are eaten cooked or uncooked

[Example] I bought a bag of chopped, frozen **spinach**.

FOOD AND DRINK

100. sugar

糖 (n.)

[Definition] a sweet substance derived from plants, used to make food and drink sweet

[Example] I don't take **sugar** in my coffee.

101. tea

茶 (n.)

[Definition] a beverage made from tea leaves

[Example] The waitress brought us two steaming cups of **tea**.

102. tomato

番茄 (n.)

[Definition] a red or yellow fruit often used in salads or sauces

[Example] Cut the **tomato** in half and scoop out the seeds.

103. vegetable

蔬菜 (n.)

[Definition] a plant, root, seed, or pod that is used as food

[Example] The potato is the most popular **vegetable** in this country.

104. vinegar

醋 (n.)

[Definition] a sour liquid used in cooking, often made from fermented fruits

[Example] Would you like oil and **vinegar** on your salad?

105. water

水 (n.)

[Definition] a clear, colorless liquid essential for life

[Example] Is there enough hot **water** for a bath?

106. zucchini

節瓜 (n.)

[Definition] a green summer squash used in cooking

[Example] They eat **zucchini** with rice for dinner.



HOME AND SCHOOL OBJECTS

107. bag包 (n.)

[Definition]

a soft container made out of paper or thin plastic, and open at the top, used to hold foods and other goods

[Example]

Don't eat that whole **bag** of sweets at once.

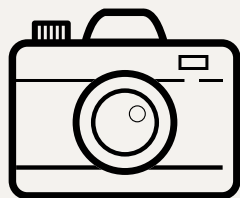
108. book書 (n.)

[Definition]

a written text that can be published in printed or electronic form

[Example]

Have you read any good **books** recently?



109. camera相機 (n.)

[Definition]

a device for taking photographs or making films or television programmes

[Example]

I forgot to take my **camera** with me.

110. chair椅子 (n.)

[Definition]

a seat for one person with a back, usually four legs, and sometimes arms

[Example]

The new **chairs** were covered in protective plastic wrappings.

111. classroom教室 (n.)

[Definition]

a room in a school or college where groups of students are taught

[Example]

There was so much noise in the **classroom**.

112. clock時鐘 (n.)

[Definition]

a device that shows time, usually on a building and not worn

[Example]

The **clock** began to strike twelve.

113. computer電腦 (n.)

[Definition]

an electronic device for processing information

[Example]

All our customer orders are handled by **computer**.



114. door門 (n.)

[Definition]

a movable barrier used to close off an entrance

[Example]

The **door** to his bedroom was locked.

115. eraser橡皮擦 (n.)

[Definition]

a small piece of rubber used to remove pencil marks

[Example]

The eraser is on your desk.

116. internet網際網路 (n.)

[Definition]

the large system of connected computers around the world that allows people to share information and communicate with each other

[Example]

Use your phone to connect the **internet**.

HOME AND SCHOOL OBJECTS

117. key

鑰匙 (n.)

[Definition] a piece of metal that has been cut into a special shape and is used for opening or closing a lock

[Example] Please hand in your **keys** at reception on your departure.

118. music

音樂 (n.)

[Definition] a pattern of sounds made by musical instruments, voices, or computers, or a combination of these

[Example] What kind of **music** do you listen to?

119. notebook

筆記本 (n.)

[Definition] a book for writing notes

[Example] Her **notebook** is covered with stickers.

120. pen

原子筆 (n.)

[Definition] a tool used for writing with ink

[Example] My **pen** seems to be running out of ink.

121. pencil

鉛筆 (n.)

[Definition] a tool used for writing or drawing, made of wood and graphite

[Example] The last item on the list was added in **pencil**.

122. phone

電話 (n.)

[Definition] a device used for making calls or sending messages

[Example] You had three **phone** calls this morning.

123. radio

收音機 (n.)

[Definition] a piece of electronic equipment used for listening to radio broadcasts

[Example] I switched on the **radio**.

124. school

學校 (n.)

[Definition] a place where children go to be educated

[Example] She drives the kids to **school** every morning.

125. song

歌曲 (n.)

[Definition] a usually short piece of music with words that are sung

[Example] He's written a lot of their best-selling songs.

126. student

學生 (n.)

[Definition] a person who is learning at a school or college

[Example] **Students** are not allowed to bring mobile phones in to the test.

HOME AND SCHOOL OBJECTS

127. table

桌子 (n.)

- [Definition]

a piece of furniture with a flat surface
- [Example]

There was a really noisy **table** behind us celebrating someone's birthday.

128. teacher

老師 (n.)

- [Definition]

someone whose job is to teach in a school or college
- [Example]

Teachers use a variety of materials to inspire their students.

129. television

電視 (n.)

- [Definition]

a box-shaped device with a screen that shows moving images and sound, or the system of sending them
- [Example]

Could you turn the **television** down?

130. wallet

錢包 (n.)

- [Definition]

a small folding case for money and cards, often carried in a pocket by men
- [Example]

My **wallet** was stolen this morning.

131. watch

手錶 (n.)

- [Definition]

a small clock worn on the wrist or attached to clothing by a chain
- [Example]

My **watch** seems to have stopped.

132. window

窗戶 (n.)

- [Definition]

an opening in a wall or door, typically covered with glass
- [Example]

I saw a child's face at the window.

NATURE AND SPACE

133. algae

藻類 (n.)

[Definition] simple plants that grow in water

[Example] **Algae** grow and spread quickly in the lake.

134. cloud

雲 (n.)

[Definition] a visible mass of condensed water vapor in the sky

[Example] There was so much **cloud**, we couldn't see anything.

135. earth

地球 (n.)

[Definition] the planet we live on

[Example] That's a paradise on **earth**.

136. flower

花 (n.)

[Definition] the part of a plant that is often brightly coloured and has a pleasant smell

[Example] These **flowers** will bloom all through the summer.

137. forest

森林 (n.)

[Definition] a large area covered chiefly with trees and undergrowth

[Example] The children got lost in the **forest**.

138. fungus

真菌 (n.)

[Definition] a type of organism that includes yeasts, molds, and mushrooms

[Example] **Fungus** can be poisonous.

139. grass

草 (n.)

[Definition] a common plant with long, narrow leaves

[Example] Visitors are requested not to walk on the **grass**.

140. herb

香草 (n.)

[Definition] a plant used for flavoring or medicinal purposes

[Example] Mash the potatoes and then mix in the butter and **herbs**.

141. lake

湖泊 (n.)

[Definition] a large body of water surrounded by land

[Example] We used to go boating on that **lake**.

142. leaf

樹葉 (n.)

[Definition] a flat, green part of a plant

[Example] He was raking up **leaves** in his garden.



NATURE AND SPACE

143. moon

月亮 (n.)

[Definition] the round object that moves in the sky around the earth and can be seen at night

[Example] What time does the **moon** rise?

144. mountain

山 (n.)

[Definition] a large raised area of land, bigger than a hill, sometimes with snow on top

[Example] The Matterhorn is one of the biggest **mountains** in Europe.

145. ocean

海洋 (n.)

[Definition] a very large area of sea

[Example] These mysterious creatures live at the bottom of the **ocean**.

146. rain

雨 (n.)

[Definition] drops of water from clouds

[Example] **Rain** is forecast for tomorrow.

147. river

河 (n.)

[Definition] a natural wide flow of fresh water across the land into the sea

[Example] We sailed slowly down the **river**.

148. root

根 (n.)

[Definition] the part of a plant that grows underground to take in water and hold it in place

[Example] He took hold of the plant's **root** and pulled.

149. seed

種子 (n.)

[Definition] a small round or oval part of a plant that can grow into a new plant

[Example] The farmers grow these crops for **seed**.

150. sky

天空 (n.)

[Definition] the expanse above Earth, where clouds and stars are

[Example] Can you see those birds high up in the **sky**?

151. snow

雪 (n.)

[Definition] soft white ice pieces that fall from the sky in cold weather and cover the ground

[Example] Let's go and play in the **snow**!

152. spice

香料 (n.)

[Definition] a substance made from a plant, used to give a special flavour to food

[Example] **Spices** are widely used in South Asian cooking.



NATURE AND SPACE

153. star

星星 (n.)

[Definition] a huge ball of burning gas in space, seen as a light in the night sky

[Example] The **stars** twinkled in the clear sky.

154. stem

莖 (n.)

[Definition] the main structural part of a plant that supports leaves and flowers

[Example] Don't eat the **stem** of a mushroom.

155. sun

太陽 (n.)

[Definition] the star at the center of our solar system

[Example] The **sun** rises in the east and sets in the west.

156. tree

樹 (n.)

[Definition] a large plant with a trunk and branches

[Example] We sat under a **tree** for shade.

157. wind

風 (n.)

[Definition] a current of air moving approximately horizontally, especially one strong enough to be felt

[Example] There isn't enough **wind** to fly a kite.



THINGS WE DO

158. clean

清潔 (v.)

- [Definition]

to remove dirt from something
- [Example]

I'm going to **clean** the windows this morning.

159. cook

烹飪 (v.)

- [Definition]

to prepare food by heating it, like baking or boiling, until it is ready to eat
- [Example]

I don't **cook** meat very often.

160. cry

哭 (v.)

- [Definition]

to produce tears as the result of a strong emotion, such as unhappiness or pain
- [Example]

I could hear someone **crying** in the next room.

161. dance

舞蹈 (v.)

- [Definition]

to move the body and feet to music
- [Example]

We **danced** all night.

162. exercise

運動 (v.)

- [Definition]

physical activity that you do to make your body strong and healthy
- [Example]

Swimming is my favourite form of **exercise**.

163. help

幫助 (v.)

- [Definition]

to make it possible or easier for someone to do something, by doing part of the work yourself
- [Example]

How can I **help** you?

164. jump

跳躍 (v.)

- [Definition]

to push yourself suddenly off the ground and into the air using your legs
- [Example]

The children were **jumping** up and down with excitement.

165. laugh

笑 (v.)

- [Definition]

to smile and make sounds to show you think something is funny or you are happy
- [Example]

I couldn't stop **laughing**.

166. listen

聆聽 (v.)

- [Definition]

to give attention to someone or something in order to hear him, her, or it
- [Example]

What kind of music do you **listen** to?

167. meet

會面 (v.)

- [Definition]

to come together with someone intentionally
- [Example]

We agreed to **meet** on Tuesday to discuss the project.



168. read

閱讀 (v.)

[Definition] to look at words or symbols and understand what they mean

[Example] He spent a pleasant afternoon **reading**.

169. receive

接收 (v.)

[Definition] to get or be given something

[Example] I **received** a phone call from your mother.

170. run

跑步 (v.)

[Definition] to move faster than walking by taking quick steps

[Example] He can **run** a mile in five minutes.

171. send

發送 (v.)

[Definition] to cause something to go from one place to another

[Example] I'll **send** her a postcard next week.

172. shop

購物 (v.)

[Definition] the act of shopping

[Example] I usually do the weekly **shop** on a Monday.

173. speak

說話 (v.)

[Definition] to say words, to use the voice, or to have a conversation with someone

[Example] He wanted to **speak** to me.

174. swim

游泳 (v.)

[Definition] to move through water by moving the body or parts of the body

[Example] We spent the day on the beach but it was too cold to go swimming.

175. talk

談話 (v.)

[Definition] to say words aloud; to speak to someone

[Example] She **talks** to her mother on the phone every week.

176. think

思考 (v.)

[Definition] to believe something or have an opinion or idea

[Example] What did you **think** of the film?

177. travel

旅行 (v.)

[Definition] to make a journey, usually over a long distance

[Example] As a young man he had **travelled** the world.

THINGS WE DO

178. visit

拜託 (v.)

[Definition] to go to a place in order to look at it, or to a person in order to spend time with them

[Example] We **visited** a few galleries while we were in Paris.

179. walk

走路 (v.)

[Definition] to move along by putting one foot in front of the other

[Example] A cat was **walking** along the top of the fence.

180. watch

觀看 (v.)

[Definition] to look at something for a period of time

[Example] I had dinner and **watched** TV for a couple of hours.

181. work

工作 (v.)

[Definition] an activity, like a job, that needs physical or mental effort, usually for money

[Example] I've got so much **work** to do.

182. write

寫作 (v.)

[Definition] to make marks that represent letters, words, or numbers on a surface

[Example] When you fill in the form, please **write** clearly in black ink.

183. hike

遠足 (v.)

[Definition] to walk for recreation

[Example] They are going to **hike** to the top of the mountain.

184. earn

賺錢 / 獲得 (v.)

[Definition] to receive money as payment

[Example] **Earning** money is important.

185. feed

餵養 (v.)

[Definition] to give food to

[Example] Remember to **feed** your pets.

186. point

指出 (v.)

[Definition] to indicate the position or direction of

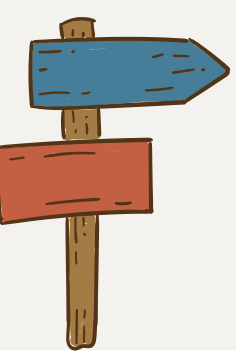
[Example] **Point** to the correct answer.

187. figure out

想出 (v.)

[Definition] to discover, solve, or understand

[Example] Nobody could **figure out** this problem.



THINGS WE DO

188. complete

完成 (v.)

[Definition] to finish something by adding the missing parts

[Example] My sister will **complete** high school soon.

189. scrape

刮破 (v.)

[Definition] to remove by rubbing strongly

[Example] The man **scraped** the paint off the wall.

190. blow

吹動 (v.)

[Definition] to send out air

[Example] Can someone **blow** into this balloon?

191. hope

希望 (v.)

[Definition] to want something to happen or to be true

[Example] I **hope** I pass the test.

192. whisper

竊竊私語 (v.)

[Definition] to speak very, very quietly, usually to a person sitting next to you

[Example] What are you two girls **whispering** about?

193. reply

答覆 (v.)

[Definition] to give an answer; to respond

[Example] There was no **reply** from her yet.

194. count

計算 (v.)

[Definition] to calculate a number

[Example] The teachers **counted** the students as they got on to the bus.

195. serve

服務 (v.)

[Definition] to put on a plate for someone else to eat

[Example] The waiter will **serve** lunch soon.

196. decide

決定 (v.)

[Definition] to determine

[Example] The teacher will **decide** if the student should pass the class.

197. save

節省 (v.)

[Definition] to prevent time, money, or effort being wasted or spent

[Example] You'll **save** time if you take the car.